CITY OF JACKSON, MISSOURI

STANDARD TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

FOR

WATER MAIN EXTENSIONS / DEVELOPER INSTALLATIONS

AUGUST 19, 2005
REVISED
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Prepared by:

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CITY OF JACKSON, MISSOURI

STANDARD TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

FOR

WATER MAIN EXTENSIONS / DEVELOPER INSTALLATIONS

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>No. of Pages</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Division 2 – Site Construction</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>02300</td>
<td>Site Preparation and Earthwork</td>
<td>02300-1 to 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>02322</td>
<td>Trenching, Backfilling, and Compaction</td>
<td>02322-1 to 6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>02445</td>
<td>Utility Casings</td>
<td>02445-1 to 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>02510</td>
<td>Pressure Pipe</td>
<td>02510-1 to 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>02515</td>
<td>Utility Valves and Accessories</td>
<td>02515-1 to 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>02535</td>
<td>Pipe Installation</td>
<td>02535-1 to 7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>02920</td>
<td>Lawns</td>
<td>02920-1 to 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>02930</td>
<td>Trees and Shrubs</td>
<td>02930-1 to 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>02950</td>
<td>Pavement Removal and Placement for Utilities</td>
<td>02950-1 to 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Appendix A

-- Water Meter Detail
-- Trench Detail – Non-roadway Areas
-- Trench Detail – Roadway Areas
-- 2” End Flush Device
-- Air Release Valve
-- Service Connection
-- Fire Hydrant Assembly
-- Valve and Valve Box
-- Tap Under Pressure
-- Road Bore Detail
-- Creek/Ditch Crossing
-- Thrust Block Details

NOTE: Specifications originally prepared by Burns & McDonnell (November 25, 2001), and updated by Horner & Shifrin on August 19, 2005 to meet MDNR 2003 design requirements. Updated by Horner & Shifrin on January 2, 2018 to meet MDNR 2013 design requirements.

Lisa E. Fennewald, P. E.
DIVISION 2 - SITE CONSTRUCTION

SECTION 02300 - SITE PREPARATION AND EARTHWORK

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY:
   A. This Section includes Site preparation activities and certain items of earthwork common to other related Work.
   B. Related Work Specified Elsewhere:
      1. Trenching and Backfilling for Utilities: SECTION 02322.

1.02 REFERENCES:
   A. Missouri Standard Specifications for Highway Construction, 2016, or latest revision thereto.

1.03 SUBMITTALS:
   A. Submit as specified in DIVISION 1.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 RIPRAP:
   A. Riprap material shall conform to the Missouri Standard Specifications for Highway Construction – SECTION 611.30 ROCK BLANKET.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 SITE PREPARATION:
   A. Clearing and Grubbing:
      1. Perform clearing and grubbing as indicated or as necessary to perform excavation, trenching, embankment, borrow, and other Work required, and where desired by Contractor for subsidiary purposes subject to approval:
         a. Clearing:
            (1) Includes felling and disposal of trees, brush, and other vegetation.
            (2) Conduct Work in a manner to prevent damage to property and to provide for the safety of employees and others.
            (3) Keep operations within property lines as indicated.
         b. Grubbing:
            (1) Includes removal and disposal of tree stumps and roots larger than 3-inches in diameter.
            (2) Remove to a depth of at least 18-inches below existing grade elevation.
            (3) Backfill all excavated depressions with approved material and grade to drain.
   B. Protection of Trees:
      1. Protect tops, trunks, and roots of existing trees on Project Site which are to remain, as follows:
         a. Box, fence around, or otherwise protect trees before any construction Work is started.
         b. Do not permit heavy equipment or stockpiles within branch spread.
         c. Trim or prune to obtain working space in lieu of complete removal when possible. Conduct operation as follows:
Grade around trees as follows:

(1) Trenching: Where trenching is required around trees which are to remain, avoid cutting the tree roots by careful hand tunneling under or around the roots. Avoid injury to or prolonged exposure of roots.

(2) Conform with good horticultural practice.

(3) Preserve natural shape and character.

(4) Protect cuts with approved tree paint.

e. Remove when damage occurs and survival is doubtful.

f. Replace with similar item when damaged through carelessness and so requested.

C. Debris:

1. Dispose of debris from clearing, grubbing, stripping, and demolition at a location off the Site as arranged for by Contractor or by burying on the Site with approval.

2. Place debris buried on the Site a minimum of 5 feet below finished grade in areas acceptable to City Engineer. Indicate locations of buried debris on Contractor-furnished construction records.

3. Contractor may claim and salvage any timber which Contractor may consider of value, but shall not delay in any manner either this Contract or other Work with salvaging operations.

3.02 EARTHWORK:

A. Excavation:

1. Perform excavation as indicated or as required to complete the Work.

2. Normal materials to be excavated are earth and other materials which can be removed by power shovel, bulldozer, or other normal equipment, but not requiring the use of explosives or drills:

   a. If rock is encountered within the limits of the excavation, notify City Engineer immediately. Do not proceed further until so instructed and measurements are made for establishing the volume of rock excavation. Rock will only be measured for removal within the boundaries of the required utility trench.

   b. Strip rock for measurement before excavating. No rock excavated or loosened before measurement will be allowed or paid for as rock.

   c. The Bid price shall include rock excavation throughout the length of restrained joint pipe depicted at each creek crossing. All other rock excavation shall be paid for at the Unit Price stipulated in the Agreement.

   d. “Rock” as pertaining to “rock excavation” referenced in these Documents shall include any material in original beds, or well defined ledges such as solid limestone, hard sandstone, or hard shales. Also, any material where each piece is more than one cubic yard in volume such as large boulders, detached pieces of limestone, hard limestone, or mass concrete.

3. Blasting:

   a. Blasting shall be performed only by persons who are qualified, competent, and thoroughly experienced in the use of explosives for rock excavation and when no other means of removal is possible. Only with the approval of the City of Jackson.

   b. Locate charge holes properly and drill to correct depth for charges used.

   c. Limit charges in size to minimum required for reasonable removal of material by excavating equipment.

   d. Avoid excessive overbreak or damage to adjacent structures, equipment, utilities, or buried pipeline and conduit as follows:

      (1) With properly designed pattern.
(2) By use of approved explosion mats.

By use of approved explosion mats.

e. Blasting near utilities shall be subject to approval of owning agency.

e. Blasting near utilities shall be subject to approval of owning agency.

f. Contractor shall perform baseline measurements in order to determine and quantify any effects of the blasting on nearby structures.

f. Contractor shall perform baseline measurements in order to determine and quantify any effects of the blasting on nearby structures.

g. Before delivery of any explosives to Site, Contractor must have obtained a blasting endorsement on his public liability and property damage insurance policy.

g. Before delivery of any explosives to Site, Contractor must have obtained a blasting endorsement on his public liability and property damage insurance policy.

4. Waste Materials:

a. Waste materials as described for purposes of this Contract within this Section consist of deleterious soils, rock, and other materials considered unacceptable for compaction or placement fill, and which are not environmentally contaminated. Waste materials shall not include environmental pollutants, hazardous substances, contaminated products, by-products, samples, or waste materials of any kind that are regulated under environmental laws.

b. Remove waste materials from Work area as excavated.

c. Material shall be legally disposed of off Site at locations arranged for by the Contractor unless City Engineer authorizes disposal at designated areas.

d. Place excavated rock in the interior of waste area fills so that it will not be exposed to view.

e. Grade waste areas and leave them free draining and with an orderly and neat appearance.

5. Unsuitable Subgrade

a. Soft or spongy earth, muck, mud, unconsolidated earth fill, unsuitable fill such as decayed vegetable or organic matter, or soft, friable, unconsolidated materials such as ashes or rusted cans or any other materials unsuitable as a firm base for pipe or structure shall be removed, with the concurrence of City Engineer.

b. When material unsuitable as a firm base for the pipe or structure is encountered, the trench shall be over-excavated a minimum of an additional 1-foot depth and compacted pipe embedment material shall replace the over-excavated material.

c. When existing street pavements to be removed and replaced are found to have no granular base layer, pipe embedment material shall be used within pavement replacement limits.

B. Topsoiling:

1. Includes placement of topsoil on all areas not specified to receive paving or other surface treatment (including borrow or waste areas).

2. Materials:

a. Those obtained from excavation which are most suitable and stockpiles for such purpose:

   (1) Topsoil shall be a fertile, friable, and loamy soil of uniform quality, free from materials such as hard clods, stiff clay, stone with any dimension greater than 1-inch, and similar impurities. Relatively free from grass, roots, weeds, and other objectionable plant material.

b. Borrow when required.

3. Subgrade Treatment:

a. Clear Site of vegetation heavy enough to interfere with proper grading and tillage operations.

b. Clear surfaces of all stones or other objects larger than 3-inches in thickness or diameter, all roots, brush, wire, grade stakes, or other objectionable material.

c. Loosen subgrade by discing or scarifying to a depth of 2-inches wherever compacted by traffic or other causes to permit bonding of the topsoil to the subgrade.
4. Placement of Topsoil:
   a. Distribute over required areas without compaction in upper 1 foot, other than that obtained with spreading equipment.
   b. To extent material is available within following limits:
      (1) Not less than 4-inches in depth.
      (2) Do not exceed 2 feet in depth.
      (3) Shape cuts, fills, and embankments to contours indicated.
      (4) Grade to match contours of adjacent areas and permit good, natural drainage. Provide gentle mound over trenches.
5. Maintenance:
   a. After topsoil has been spread, clear surface of stones or other objects larger than 1-inch in thickness or diameter and all other objects that might interfere with planting and maintenance operations.
   b. Protect topsoiled areas from the elements until grass is established and repair eroded areas as required.
   c. Keep paved areas clean. Promptly remove topsoil or other dirt dropped upon surfacing.

3.03 RIPRAP:
   A. Riprap materials and placement shall conform to the Missouri Standard Specifications for Highway Construction – SECTION 611.30 ROCK BLANKET.

3.04 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL:
   A. Subgrades:
      1. City Engineer will inspect all subgrades to determine conformance with indicated lines and grades.
      2. Subgrades for roadways, drives, parking areas, and railroads shall have a maximum deviation of not more than ½ inch in any 10 feet when tested with a 10-foot straightedge applied parallel with and right angles to the centerlines of subgrade areas, except that subgrades to receive aggregate-type surfacing shall have a maximum deviation of not more than 1 inch in any 10 feet.

3.05 PROTECTION OF THE WORK:
   A. Maintenance:
      1. Protect newly graded and topsoiled areas from actions of the elements.
      2. Fill and repair settling or erosion occurring prior to landscaping and reestablish grades to the required elevations and slopes.
   B. Correction of Backfill Settlement:
      1. Under provisions of the guarantee, Contractor is responsible for correcting any settlement of backfill and damages created thereby within 1 year after acceptance of the Work.
      2. Make repairs within 10 days from and after due notification by City Engineer of backfill settlement and resulting damage.
      3. Make own arrangements for access to the Site for purposes of repair.

END OF SECTION 02300
SECTION 02322 - TRENCHING, BACKFILLING, AND COMPACTION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY:
   A. This Section includes:
      1. Excavation, sheeting, bracing, and all operations necessary for the preparation of trenches for bedding of pipes and pipe appurtenances, conduit, and buried cable.
      2. Pipe embedments and encasements.

1.02 REFERENCES:
   A. Applicable Standards:
      1. American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO):
         a. M147 - Materials for Aggregate and Soil-Aggregate Subbase, Base and Surface Courses.
         b. T99 - The Moisture-Density Relations of Soils Using a 5.5-Pound Rammer and a 12-Inch Drop.
         c. T104 - Soundness of Aggregate by Use of Sodium Sulfate or Magnesium Sulfate.
         a. D4253 - Test Method for Maximum Index Density of Soils Using a Vibratory Table.
         b. D4254 - Test Method for Minimum Index Density and Unit Weight of Soils and Calculation of Relative Density.
      3. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA):
         a. Part 1926 - Safety and Health Regulations for Construction.

1.03 SUBMITTALS:
   A. Submit as specified.
   B. Includes, but not limited to, the following:
      1. Steel reinforcement for concrete encasement.
      2. Steel reinforcement for concrete cradle.
      3. Concrete Submittals as specified.
   C. Where selecting an option for excavation, trenching, and shoring in compliance with local, state, or federal safety regulations such as "OSHA Part 1926" or successor regulations, which require design by a registered professional engineer, submit (for information only and not for Owner approval) the following:
      1. Copies of design calculations and notes for sloping, benching, support systems, shield systems, and other protective systems prepared by or under the supervision of a professional engineer legally authorized to practice in the jurisdiction where the Project is located.
      2. Documents provided with evidence of registered professional engineer's seal, signature, and date in accordance with appropriate state licensing requirements.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 GRANULAR PIPE EMBEDMENT & BACKFILL:
   A. Material:
      1. Gravel or crushed stone which shall not have a loss of more than 15% after five cycles when tested for soundness with sodium sulfate as described in AASHTO T104.
B. Gradation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Percent Passing</th>
<th>U.S. Size or No.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>1-inch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60-90</td>
<td>1/2-inch</td>
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<tr>
<td>35-60</td>
<td>No. 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10-35</td>
<td>No. 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0-15</td>
<td>No. 200</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.02 TRENCH STABILIZATION MATERIAL:
A. Material shall be one of the following:
   1. As specified in this PART 2 Granular Pipe Embedment.
   2. Conform to AASHTO M147, Gradation A or B.

2.03 CONCRETE:
A. Concrete and reinforcing steel shall conform to applicable requirements.

2.04 TRENCH BACKFILL MATERIALS:
A. Obtain from the following:
   1. Trenches and other excavations included in this Contract
   2. Borrow from location off Site.
   3. As specified for pipe embedment.
   4. Combination of above.
B. Free from organic matter, refuse, ashes, cinders, frozen, or other unsuitable material.
C. Gravel, rock, or shale particle size limited as follows:
   1. Not to exceed 3/4 inches in greatest dimension within 12 inches of pipe or conduit and upper 18 inches of trench.
   2. Gravel, rock, or shale not allowed within 12 inches of buried cable.
   3. Maximum dimension one-half the depth of layer to be compacted in other areas.
D. Contain sufficient fine materials to provide a dense mass free of voids and capable of satisfactory compaction.
E. Have moisture content enabling satisfactory placement and compaction.
F. Use granular material as specified for pipe embedment and backfill under pavements, shoulders, driveways, and median strips.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 TRENCHING:
A. Equipment and Methods:
   1. Types of Equipment and methods may be at Contractor's option, where structures or other facilities are not endangered.
   2. Equipment and methods shall be subject to approval of jurisdictional agency where stability or usefulness of other facilities may be impaired.
   3. Perform by hand methods when required to save or protect trees, culverts, utilities, or other structures above or below ground.
   4. Maximum length of open trench shall be limited to 30 feet in advance and to 20 feet behind pipe installation, except as approved.
   5. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to maintain all work in compliance with current Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA) standards. In the event of any possible hazardous or unstable trenching conditions, suitable bracing or shoring is the responsibility of the Contractor.
B. Side Walls:
1. Make vertical or slope within specified trench-width limitations below a horizontal plane 12 inches above top of pipe.
2. Vertical or sloped (stepped) as required for stability, above a horizontal plane 12 inches above top of pipe.
3. Sheet and brace where necessary. Excavate without undercutting.
C. Trench Depth:
1. Depth shall be sufficient to provide the minimum bedding requirements for the pipe being placed.
2. Do not exceed the indicated depth where conditions of bottom are satisfactory.
3. Increase depth as necessary to remove unsuitable supporting materials.
D. Trench Bottom:
1. Protect and maintain when suitable natural materials are encountered.
2. Remove rock fragments and materials disturbed during excavation or raveled from trench walls.
3. Restore to proper subgrade with trench-stabilization material when overexcavated:
   a. Correct, at no additional cost to Owner, when trench is overexcavated without authority or to stabilize bottom rendered unsuitable through negligence or improper operations.
   b. Placement of Trench Stabilization Material:
      (1) Compact in lifts not exceeding 6-inch loose thickness:
         (a) With pneumatic or vibratory equipment.
         (b) To density specified for granular pipe embedment.
E. Trench Width:
1. Excavate trench to a width which will permit satisfactory jointing of the pipe and thorough tamping of the bedding.
2. Minimum Trench Width: 12 inches greater than the outside diameter of the pipe.
3. Maximum Trench Width:
   a. Below a plane 12 inches above top of pipe (or as defined by top of pipe embedment).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nominal Pipe Size</th>
<th>Depth of Cover</th>
<th>Maximum Trench Width</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4”</td>
<td>42”</td>
<td>30”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6”</td>
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<td>30”</td>
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<tr>
<td>8”</td>
<td>42”</td>
<td>30”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10”</td>
<td>42”</td>
<td>30”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12”</td>
<td>42”</td>
<td>30”</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

b. Above plane defined in (a), no maximum limit.
c. Maximum trench-width limitations shall apply beginning 3 feet from manhole or structure walls.
d. Maximum width shall be as near the minimum specified as can be controlled by construction equipment and methods used.
e. Correct when overexcavated at no additional cost to Owner:
   (1) Use stronger pipe or higher class embedment.
   (2) Obtain approval of City Engineer before proceeding.
F. Trenching in Fill Areas: Perform trenching in fill areas only after compacted fill has reached an elevation of not less than 1 foot above the top of the pipe.
G. Test Pits:
1. Excavate test pits sufficiently in advance of trenching to enable adequate planning of construction procedure.
2. Locate as follows:
   a. Where unstable material is suspected that may require special protective measures.
   b. Where groundwater may require special handling methods.
   c. Where advisable to assess adequacy of blasting pattern.
   d. Where indicated or otherwise approved.
   e. Where interference or conflict with other utilities or structures could affect alignment of pipe.
3. With lateral dimension not less than minimum trench width specified for location excavated.
4. To depth required to obtain information desired.

3.02 ROCK EXCAVATION:
A. Definition:
1. Rock excavation shall be defined as material that cannot be excavated without drilling and blasting, sledger, or bailing. All stone boulders less than one cubic yard in volume will be classified as “earth” and all larger boulders shall be paid for as rock. Wherever a ledge of solid rock other than flint rock or limestone is encountered with earth below it, or where alternate layers of solid rock and earth occur, the earth shall be included in the allowance for rock when the layer of earth does not exceed twelve inches.
2. Any flint rock or limestone encountered shall not be classified as rock excavation if it consists of solid layers of rock less than one cubic yard in volume which are separated from other layers by natural cracks and seams filled with clay or other substances.
B. Trench Width and Depth:
1. Any trench of rock excavation shall be at least twelve (12) inches wider than the outside diameter of the pipe and six (6) inches deeper than the average depth of the trench as required by existing topography or these specifications.
2. In the event of additional trench excavation, pipe embedment material shall replace the over-excavated material.

3.03 PIPE EMBEDMENTS AND ENCASEMENTS:
A. Granular or Earthen Pipe Embedment:
1. Place granular or earthen embedment as follows:
   a. Level bottom layer at proper grade to receive and uniformly support pipe barrel throughout its length.
   b. Form depression under each joint so that no part of bell or coupling is in contact with trench when pipe is placed in position.
   c. Add second layer simultaneously to both sides of the pipe with care to avoid displacement.
   d. Complete promptly after completion of jointing operations and approval to proceed.
   e. Substitute for any part of earth backfill to within 2 feet of final grade at Contractor's option.
   f. Granular embedment is required in areas of rock excavation.
2. Compact granular or earthen bedding as follows:
   a. In lifts not exceeding 12 inches in compacted depth.
   b. Rod, spade, or use pneumatic or vibratory equipment:
Granular as required to obtain not less than 80% relative density as determined by ASTM Method D4253 and D4254, earthen as required to obtain not less than 90% proctor density. Throughout depth of embedment.

B. Arch and Total Concrete Encasement:
1. Include in locations indicated or where approved by City Engineer to correct overwidth trench condition.
2. Form to dimensions indicated or construct full width of trench.
3. Start and terminate encasement at a pipe joint:
   a. Exclude joints from encasement:
      (1) Applies only to joints at either end of encasement.
4. Install keyed construction joints coincident with pipe joints at 30- to 36-foot intervals. Provide separation of at least 75% of cross-section area at construction joints. Do not run horizontal steel through joint.
5. Suitably support and block pipe to maintain position and prevent flotation.
6. Place arch encasement promptly after installation of granular embedment.
7. Protect against damage from heavy equipment with layer of earth. Use hand methods to a horizontal plane 12 inches above top of encasement.

C. Concrete Cradle:
1. Include in locations indicated and where designated by City Engineer to reinforce unstable trench bottom.
2. Place on undisturbed trench bottom or on stabilized subbase.
3. Form to dimensions indicated or construct full width of trench.
4. Start and terminate concrete cradle at a pipe joint:
   a. Exclude joints from cradle:
      (1) Applies only to joints at either end of cradle.
5. Place without horizontal construction joints other than indicated.
6. Suitably support and block pipe to maintain position and prevent flotation.
7. Provide anchorage where indicated.

3.04 BACKFILLING:
A. Placement:
1. Complete promptly after approval to proceed:
   a. Upon completion of pipe embedment.
   b. Only after concrete encasement has obtained 70% of design strength. Determination of design-strength percentage obtained shall be as specified.
2. Use hand methods to a horizontal plane 12 inches above top of pipe conduit or duct banks.
3. Use approved mechanical methods where hand backfill is not required.
4. Place in 8 to 12 inch layers of thickness within compacting ability of equipment used.
5. Until compacted depth over conduit exceeds 3 feet, do not drop fill material 5 feet. Then distance may be increased 2 feet for each additional 1 foot of cover. Backfill conduit trenches in layers of 4 to 8 inches.

B. Compaction:
1. Perform at moisture content necessary to achieve required results with equipment used.
2. Perform with spreading equipment supplemented by hand-operated equipment and rollers as required to obtain density specified.
3. Accomplish without inundation or flooding.
4. Achieve following densities as specified by AASHTO T99.
   a. Unless otherwise specified, adequate to prevent significant future settlement.
b. Under pavements and shoulders: 95% of optimum dry density, as determined by the Moisture Density Standard (Proctor) Test – ASTM D698.

5. Backfill failing to meet required densities shall be removed or scarified and recompressed as necessary to achieve specified results.

3.05 CHANNEL EXCAVATION:
   A. Maintain area drainage during construction.
   B. Complete channel protection expeditiously following excavation.

3.06 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL:
   A. Compaction: Contractor shall, through services of an independent laboratory, test trench granular backfill under pavements to determine conformance with specified moisture-density relationships.
      1. Perform field in-place density tests according to ASTM D 1556 (sand cone method), ASTM D 2167 (rubber balloon method), or ASTM D 2937 (drive cylinder method), as applicable. Field in-place density test may also be performed by the nuclear method according to ASTM D 2922 provided that calibration curves are periodically checked and adjusted to correlate to tests performed using ASTM D 1556. With each density calibration check, check the calibration curves furnished with the moisture gages according to ASTM D 3017.
      2. Perform at least one field in-place density test per job for the first and last lifts compacted in the trench. Additional density tests may be required by the Engineer where poor compaction efforts and performance are believed.
   B. Concrete: Contractor shall test all concrete for use in encasements, cradles, and concrete cut-off walls to determine conformance with Specifications. Method of test shall be as specified.

END OF SECTION 02322
PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY: This Section includes casing pipe, installed by boring and jacking, casing insulators, and end seals where indicated or where constructed at Contractor's option. Use when required to pass other utilities, streets, highways, railroads or obstructions without open excavation.

1.02 REFERENCES:
   A. Applicable Standards:
      1. American Petroleum Institute (API):
         a. API RP1102 - Recommended Practice for Liquid Petroleum Pipelines Crossing Railroads and Highways.
         b. API 1104 - Standard for Welding Pipelines and Related Facilities.
         a. A36 - Structural Steel.
         b. A570 - Hot-Rolled Carbon Steel Sheet and Strip, Structural Quality.
      3. American Water Works Association (AWWA):
         a. C200 - Steel Water Pipe 6 Inches and Larger.
         b. C206 - Field Welding of Steel Water Pipe.

1.03 SUBMITTALS:
   A. Submit as specified in DIVISION 1.
   B. Submit the following for acceptance prior to shipment:
      1. Pipe alignment guides.
   C. Affidavits:
      1. Furnish for acceptance prior to shipment to jobsite.
      2. Certify compliance with applicable standards for the following:
         a. Casing material.
   D. Informational Submittals:
      1. Proposed jacking / bore pits showing locations, dimensions, and details of sheeting / shoring and bracing required by Contractor’s means and methods.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MATERIALS:
   A. Casing Pipe: New, smooth wall, welded steel pipe fabricated from ASTM A36 plate or ASTM A570 sheet with a minimum yield point of 36,000 psi, conforming to AWWA C200 (no hydrostatic pressure testing). Furnish pipe with minimum wall thickness as follows:
1. Minimum Casing Thicknesses:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Casing Diameter (in.)</th>
<th>Wall Thickness</th>
<th>Under Highways</th>
<th>Under Railroads</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Under 14</td>
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<td>24</td>
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<td>0.4375</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>0.3125</td>
<td>0.4375</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>0.3125</td>
<td>0.4375</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>0.3125</td>
<td>0.5000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>0.4375</td>
<td>0.5000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34</td>
<td>0.4375</td>
<td>0.5000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>0.4375</td>
<td>0.5625</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38, 40, and 42</td>
<td>0.4375</td>
<td>0.5625</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. Minimum casing inside diameter shall exceed outside diameter of carrier pipe joints or couplings by 4 inches.

B. Joints:
   1. All joints in steel pipe casings shall be field welded to conform to API 1104 or AWWA C206.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSTALLATION:
   A. All Work shall, as a minimum, meet the requirements of API RP1102 and the highway, railroad, or utility having jurisdiction, and shall be subject to their inspection and approval.
   B. Install Casing Pipes:
      1. By boring with continuous flight auger, pneumatic or hydraulic jacking, or other acceptable method. Reinforce leading end of casing with jacking band.
      2. Including measures for maintaining indicated line and grade for casings less than 24-inch diameter within a plus or minus tolerance of 0.5%. Maintain indicated line and grade for casings 24-inch and larger within a plus or minus tolerance of 3-inches over length of casing.
      3. With working pits of adequate size to provide safe working conditions. Install sheeting and bracing to conform to DIVISION 2.
      4. In such a manner as not to disrupt traffic or damage the roadway grade or surface.
      5. Casings rejected due to misalignment or other failures to conform to Specifications shall be abandoned in place and filled with concrete grout. Casing pipe shall not be recovered for reuse.

3.02 CASING INSULATORS:
   A. The carrier pipe and casing shall be separated by an insulator. The insulator shall center the carrier pipe inside the casing pipe. The insulator spacing shall be installed to support the weight of the pipe and contents.
      1. As a minimum, an insulator shall be placed a maximum of 2 feet from each side of a joint and evenly spaced along the carrier pipe at intervals not to exceed manufacturer’s specifications or 6 feet, whichever is less.
2. Timber skids are not allowed.  
3. Double spacers shall be installed one foot from each end of the casing.  
4. Spacer position shall be centered and restrained.  
5. Casing insulators shall be sized according to the manufactures specifications for pipe sizes from the following list of approved manufactures and casing types.  
   a. Cascade Waterworks (Model CCS-stainless steel)  
   b. Engineer approved equal

3.03 CASING PIPE END SEALS  
   A. Casing end seals shall be pull-over type construction and made from neoprene with T-304 stainless steel bands for securing the ends of the end seal to the casing pipe and carrier pipe.  
   B. Casing pipe end seals shall be Model CCES as manufactured by Cascade Waterworks or approved equal.

END OF SECTION 02445
SECTION 02510 - PRESSURE PIPE

1.01 SUMMARY:
A. This Section includes all pressure pipe, fittings, specials, and appurtenances.
B. Related Work Specified Elsewhere:
   1. Pipe Installation: SECTION 02535.
   2. Valves and Accessories: SECTION 02515.

1.02 DESIGN:
A. Water pressures in distribution systems below 20 psi are a violation of Missouri Safe Drinking Water Regulation 10 CSR 60-4.080 (9), and MDNR considers pressures below 20 psi to be an imminent hazard to public health.
B. All water mains shall be sized in accordance with a hydraulic analysis based on flow demands and pressure requirements. Minimum pipe size for water mains shall be 8 inches unless otherwise approved by City Engineer.
C. Distribution systems shall be designed to maintain at least 35 psi normal working pressure at ground level at all points in the distribution system under all conditions of design flow not including fire flow.
D. Systems designed for fire protection shall provide a minimum flow of 250 GPM for a duration of two hours. Water mains that are not designed to provide fire protection shall not have fire hydrants connected to them.

1.03 REFERENCES:
A. Applicable Standards:
   1. American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO).
   2. American Water Works Association (AWWA):
      e. C150 - Thickness Design of Ductile-Iron Pipe.
      f. C151 - Ductile-Iron Pipe, Centrifugally Cast, for Water or Other Liquids.
      g. C153 - Ductile-Iron Compact Fittings, 3 In. Through 24 In. and 34 In. Through 64 In. for Water Service.
      h. C900 - Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pressure Pipe, 4 Inch through 12 Inch, for Water Distribution.
      k. M23 - PVC Pipe-Design and Installation.
   3. American National Standards Institute (ANSI):
      b. B16.21 - Nonmetallic Flat Gaskets for Pipe Flanges.
      a. A307 - Carbon Steel Bolts and Studs, 60,000 psi Tensile.
      b. D1248 - Polyethylene Plastics Molding and Extrusion Materials.
      c. F477 - Elastomeric Seals (Gaskets) for Joining Plastic Pipe.
1.04 **SUBMITTALS:**
A. Submit as specified in DIVISION 1.
B. Submit the following for acceptance prior to fabrication:
   1. Pipe and joint details.
   2. Special, fitting, and coupling details.
   3. Laying and installation schedule.
C. Certificates and Affidavits: Furnish the Following Prior to Shipment:
   1. Affidavit of compliance with applicable standard.
   2. Test certificates.

1.05 **QUALITY ASSURANCE:**
A. Manufacturers shall be experienced in the design and manufacture of pipe, fittings, specials, or
   appurtenances for a minimum period of 5 years.
B. All pipe manufactured to AWWA C-200 series specifications shall be furnished by a
   manufacturer certified by the Steel Plate Fabricators Association (SPAA) for steel pipe
   fabrication.

1.06 **DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING:**
A. Handle in a manner to ensure installation in sound and undamaged condition.
   1. Do not drop or bump.
   2. Use slings, lifting lugs, hooks, and other devices designed to protect pipe, joint elements,
      linings, and coatings.
B. Ship, move, and store with provisions to prevent movement or shock contact with adjacent
   units.
C. Handle with equipment capable of work with adequate factor of safety against overturning or
   other unsafe procedures.
D. PVC pipe fittings and accessories – If stored for an extended period of time, they shall be
   protected from direct sunlight and shall be laid so as not to become deformed or bent.
E. Pipe Gaskets shall be projected from direct sunlight, and shall not be allowed to come in
   contact with petroleum products.

**PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

2.01 **PIPE REQUIREMENTS:**
A. Furnish pipe of materials, joint types, and sizes as indicated or specified.
B. Pipe shall be designed to withstand all stresses resulting from external loads and internal
   pressures listed in the following table plus applicable allowance for surge unless otherwise
   specified:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Nominal Size</th>
<th>Design Depth</th>
<th>Design Load</th>
<th>Design Pressure</th>
<th>Design Test Pressure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Buried Pipe</td>
<td>6” through 12”</td>
<td>42-inch H-20</td>
<td>150 psi</td>
<td>250 psi</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C. Pipe Marking: All pipe and fittings shall be marked conforming to the applicable standard
   specification under which the pipe is manufactured and as otherwise specified.

2.02 **DUCTILE-IRON PIPE:**
A. Design and Manufacture of Pipe:
   1. Ductile-iron pipe shall conform to AWWA C115, C150 and C151 except as otherwise
      specified.
B. Dimensions: The minimum thickness as defined by pressure class for mechanical or push-on-type joint ductile-iron pipe shall be (as indicated) as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Nominal Pipe Size</th>
<th>Minimum Pressure Class</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All Pipe</td>
<td>6”, 8”, 10”, 12”</td>
<td>350</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Minimum thickness for ductile-iron pipe threaded for screw-on flanges shall be in accordance with AWWA C115.
2. Pipe with grooved barrel for any type of restrained joint shall have wall thickness increased to provide a minimum wall thickness conforming to AWWA C606.

C. Joints:
1. Mechanical and Push-On Type:
   a. Provide mechanical or push-on-type joints for all buried pipe less than 30 inches in diameter unless otherwise specified or indicated. Provide push-on-type joints for sizes 30 inches in diameter and greater.
   b. Joints shall conform to AWWA C111.
2. Restrained:
   a. Furnish where joint restraint is required to offset internal pipeline forces.
   b. Provide restrained joints of following approved types:
      (1) Restained mechanical joint.
      (2) Cut grooved type for rigid joint conforming to AWWA C606.
      (3) Restrained push-on joint.
      (4) Boltless (or bolted) ball and socket joint.
      (5) Anchored couplings.
   c. Mechanical joint retainer glands shall not be used where joint restraint is required unless indicated. When indicated, retainer glands shall be Megalug manufactured by EBAA Iron, Inc. (or equal).

D. Fittings:
1. Fittings shall conform to AWWA C110 (or C153) and shall have a pressure rating of not less than that specified for pipe.
2. Fittings shall be ductile iron.
3. Fittings for pipe with mechanical joint shall have mechanical joints.
4. Fittings for pipe with push-on joints shall be mechanical joint.

E. Lining:
1. All pipe and fittings shall be cement-mortar lined in accordance with AWWA C104.

F. Coating:
1. All iron pipe and fittings shall be coated with manufacturer's standard bituminous paint coating per AWWA C151 and AWWA C110.
2. Flange faces shall be coated in accordance with AWWA C115.
3. Polyethylene encasement shall be required for use of ductile iron pipe when indicated.

2.03 PVC PIPE:
A. Materials:
1. Materials shall conform to AWWA C900 or C905.
2. Gaskets shall conform to ASTM F477 and be synthetic rubber.

B. Design of Pipe: Design shall conform to AWWA C900, C905 and as specified:
   a. Internal Loading:
      b. Internal pressure specified plus allowance for surge pressure conforming to AWWA C900 or C905.
      b. Hydrostatic test pressure as specified.
2. External Loading:
   a. Earth dead load cover at 120 pcf plus AASHTO H-20 live loads.
   b. Bedding condition as indicated.
3. Use $E'$ of 700 and bedding angle of 90°.

C. Dimensions: The minimum pressure class for PVC pipe shall be as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nominal Location</th>
<th>Nominal Pipe Size</th>
<th>Minimum Pressure Class</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All Pipe</td>
<td>All sizes</td>
<td>AWWA C900, Class 235 (DR 18)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

D. Diameters: PVC pressure pipe shall have Cast-Iron-Pipe-Equivalent (CI) outside diameters.

E. Joints:
   1. Push on Type:
      a. Pipe shall be furnished with integral bell-type pipe ends designed for joint assembly using elastomeric gaskets.
   2. Restrained:
      a. Furnish when joint restraint is indicated.
      b. Restrained joints shall be as manufactured by CertaLok C900, Eagle Loc 900 as manufactured by JM Eagle or Approved Equal.

F. Fittings:
   1. Fittings shall conform to AWWA C110 or C153 and be ductile iron. Fittings shall be mechanical joint.

G. Marking: Identification markings on pipe shall conform to AWWA C900 or C905.

2.04 GASKETS AND BOLTING MATERIALS:
   A. Provide all gaskets, bolts, lubricant, and other accessories required to install pipe, fittings, and specials complete and ready for service.
   B. Gaskets for flanged joints shall conform to ANSI B16.21, 1/8-inch thick full-face synthetic rubber gasket (American Cast Iron Pipe Company Toruseal 1/8-inch thick full face gasket or equal). Provide full-face gaskets for all pump and equipment connections.
   C. Gaskets for ductile iron flanged pipe and fittings 12-inch and smaller shall have "nominal" inside diameters, not the larger inside diameters per ANSI B16.21.
   D. Bolts for flanged joints shall conform to ASTM A307, Grade B. Nut and bolt heads shall be hexagonal.
   E. Gaskets and bolts for other than flanged joints shall be as otherwise specified for pipe and pipe joints.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSTALLATION:
   A. Specified in SECTION 02535.

3.02 FIELD TESTING:
   A. Specified in SECTION 02535.

END OF SECTION 02510
SECTION 02515 - UTILITY VALVES AND ACCESSORIES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 **SUMMARY:**
A. This Section includes all valves, service lines and accessories.
B. Related Work Specified Elsewhere:
   1. Pipe Installation: SECTION 02535.

1.02 **REFERENCES:**
A. Applicable Standards:
      b. A276 - Stainless and Heat Resisting Steel Bars and Shapes.
      c. A536 - Ductile Iron Castings.
      d. A564 - Hot-Rolled and Cold-Finished Age-Hardening Stainless and Heat Resisting Steel Bars and Shapes.
   2. American Water Works Association (AWWA):
      b. C500 - Metal-Seated Gate Valves for Water Supply Service.
      c. C502 - Dry-Barrel Fire Hydrants.
      d. C509 - Resilient-Seated Gate Valves for Water Supply Service.
      g. C550 - Protective Epoxy Interior Coatings for Valves and Hydrants.
      h. C600 - Installation of Ductile-Iron Water Mains and Their Appurtenances.
      i. C606 - Grooved and Shouldered Joints.
      a. 1963 - Screw Threads and Gaskets, Fire Hose Connections.

1.03 **SUBMITTALS:**
A. Submit as specified.
B. Include, but not limited to, the following:
   1. Catalog data or illustrations showing principal dimensions, parts, and materials.
   2. Spare parts list referenced to illustration of parts.
   3. Assembly and disassembly or repair instructions.
C. Certificates and Affidavits: Furnish prior to shipment. Include the following:
   1. Test certificates.
   2. Affidavit of compliance with applicable AWWA Standard.

1.04 **QUALITY ASSURANCE:**
A. Manufacturers shall be experienced in the design and manufacture of specific valves and accessories for a minimum period of 5 years.

1.05 **DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING:**
A. Ship all valves with suitable end covers to prevent entrance of foreign material into valve body.
B. Protect valve threads, flanges, stems, and operators from damage.
1.06 RESPONSIBILITY:
A. Actuators, their controls, and accessories shall be the responsibility of the valve manufacturer for sizing, assembly, certification, field testing, and any adjustments necessary to operate the valve as specified.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 RESILIENT-SEATED GATE VALVE:
A. Acceptable Manufacturers:
   1. Mueller Company: A-2360
   2. CLOW Company
   3. Engineer approved equal.
B. Design:
   1. Conform to AWWA C509 and as specified.
   2. 2” square operating nut, open counterclockwise, MJ X MJ.
   3. Wedge rubber shall be molded and bonded in place to the wedge and shall not be mechanically attached with screws, rivets, or similar fasteners.
   4. Wedge shall seat so the seating is equally effective regardless of direction of pressure unbalanced across the wedge.
   5. Waterway shall be full diameter, smooth and shall have no depressions or cavities in the seat area where foreign material can lodge and hinder closure or sealing.
   6. The valve body and bonnet shall be fusion bonded epoxy coated, inside and out, per AWWA C550 and the valve shall be provided with stainless steel bonnet and packing bolts.
   7. “T” bolts for the MJ fittings shall be NSS Cor-ten, Cor-Blue or equal.
C. Testing:
   1. Testing shall be performed conforming to AWWA C509.
   2. Furnish affidavit of compliance.

2.02 TAPPING VALVE:
A. Acceptable Manufacturers:
   2. Engineer approved equal.
B. Design:
   1. Same as gate valve above except that is shall be equipped with a raised lip constructed in accordance with MSS-SP 60 to provide for centering of the valve on the tapping saddle.

2.03 TAPPING SLEEVE:
A. Acceptable Manufacturers:
   1. Ford FAST.
   2. ROMACSST
   3. JCM #432
   4. Smith Blair
B. Design:
   1. Manufactured from all stainless steel group 18-8, material 304 including sleeve, outlet neck, outlet flange, and all bolts and nuts.
   2. Seal to be full circumferential gridded and approved for potable water.
   3. Flanged outlets shall be indexed per MSS-SP 60 to accept tapping valves with an ANSI 150 lb. drilling IAW AWWA C207.
   4. Neck to accept full size cutter.
2.04 AIR VALVES:
A. Acceptable Manufacturers:
   1. GA Industries, Inc.
   2. Engineer approved equal.
B. Design: Conform to AWWA C512 and as specified.
   1. Valve shall be heavy-duty combination air release, water style.
   2. Body and cover shall be cast or ductile iron.
   3. Float shall be stainless steel.
   4. All internal parts shall be stainless steel or bronze with provisions to avoid galvanic action.
C. Operation:
   1. Release air when filling line.
   2. Admit air when emptying line.
   3. Release accumulated air while pipeline is full and operating under pressure.
D. Connection:
   1. Connect air valves 2 inches and smaller to pipeline through corporation stops.
   2. Connect air valves 3 inches and larger through tapped bosses or flanged outlets.
   3. Connecting fittings and pipe shall be bronze, brass, or copper rated for 250 psi service.

2.05 FIRE HYDRANTS:
A. Acceptable Manufacturers:
   2. CLOW Medallion.
   3. Engineer approved equal.
B. Design:
   1. Conform to AWWA C502 and as specified.
   2. Provide compression type main valve designed to open against pressure. Valve facings shall be of nontoxic materials suitable for potable water service.
   3. Provide internal main valve seat opening of not less than 5 inches diameter.
   4. Design to open counterclockwise.
   5. Provide dry-type bonnet with lubricant reservoir protected by O- or Quad-ring seals.
   6. Provide mechanical joint bell on shoe.
   7. Furnish for minimum bury depth of 4 feet. Include extensions as required for blow-offs.
   8. Furnish with two 2-1/2-inch hose nozzles and one 4-1/2-inch pumper nozzle with NFPA 1963 standard threads. The inlet connection shall be a minimum of 6-inches. Nozzle caps shall be chained to hydrant.
   9. Provide traffic break-off joint located above and near ground surface designed to minimize accident repairs.
   10. All pipe from the main line to the hydrant shall be 6-inches and shall be restrained with ductile anchor couplings. Maximum span of anchor coupling allowed is 4 feet. If additional length of piping is required beyond anchor coupling span, PVC pipe is allowed.
C. Shop Painting:
   1. Shop paint exterior of hydrants red.
   2. Interior Coating:
      a. Conform to AWWA C550.
      b. Apply to exposed interior ferrous metal surfaces.

2.06 VALVE BOXES:
A. Provide for all buried valves.
B. Design:
1. Riser section shall be Class 200 pipe cut to required length.
2. Valve box top shall be cast iron ASTM A48 Class 30B body and lid sized to fit pipe riser section. Valve box shall be Sigma VB-294W or equal.
3. Drop cover shall be marked "WATER."

2.07 CORPORATION STOP:
A. Corporation stops shall be a minimum diameter of 3/4 inch and shall be sized according to the service line diameter if the service line diameter is larger than 3/4 inch.
B. Corporation stops shall be ball type AWWA taper “CC” thread by copper compression.
C. Corporation stops shall be Mueller B-25008N or approved equal.

2.08 SERVICE SADDLE:
A. Service saddles shall be bronze body with 2-piece hinged straps. Saddles shall be Mueller S-13000 Service Saddles or approved equal.

2.09 CURB STOP VALVE AND BOX:
A. Curb stop valves shall be compression type.
B. Curb stop and box shall be a Minneapolis style with threaded top. Lid shall be marked “WATER”.
C. Curb stops shall be no deeper than 48” at final grading.

2.10 PRESSURE REDUCING VALVES ION TYPE.
A. Pressure reducing valves installed on service lines shall be bronze body construction with sealed spring cage suitable for valve installation in waterworks pit. Valve shall be constructed with 10% glass filled renewable NORYL seat and high temperature resistant Buna-N nylon insert diaphragm for hot or cold water service. Valve shall be equipped with an integral stainless steel strainer and union inlet connection and shall be fully serviceable in-line. Valve shall be equipped with provision to permit bypass flow of water around the valve back into the main when pressures, due to thermal expansion on the outlet side of the valve, exceed the pressure in the main. Valves shall be rated for 300 psi inlet (supply) pressure and shall have an adjustable outlet pressure range of 25 psi to 75 psi, factory set at 50 psi no-flow pressure. Valve shall be Watts Model 25AUB or Approved Equal.

2.11 SERVICE LINE COUPLING:
A. Service line couplings shall connect to both new and existing copper service lines using compression connections only.

2.12 SHOP PAINTING:
A. Prepare surfaces and paint or coat all valves, fire hydrants, floor stands, valve boxes, corporation stops, and all related accessories standard of the manufacturer unless otherwise specified herein.
B. Paint and coatings shall be suitable for the service intended.
C. Submit type of paint or coating proposed with drawings and data for City Engineer approval prior to fabrication.

2.13 ANCHORS, INSERTS, REINFORCEMENTS:
A. All threaded rods shall be 5/8” or ¾” stainless steel group 18-8, material 304 minimum yield of 70 ksi, minimum tensile 100 ksi. Nuts shall be hex head, 5/8” or ¾” stainless steel, group 18-8, material 304.
2.14 SERVICE LINES:
A. All service lines 2” and less shall be copper or polyethylene.
   1. Copper service line material shall be Type K meeting ASTM B 88.
   2. Polyethylene service line material shall be Class 200, ultra high molecular weight
      meeting ASTM D2737 and conforming to AWWA C901.
B. All services lines greater than 2” shall be polyethylene, or approved equal.
C. When copper is not used, tracer wire is required from service tie in to the curb box.
D. Minimum service line size shall be ¾ inch. Service lines shall fall into one of the following size
   categories: ¾, 1, 2, 4, or 6 inch.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSTALLATION:
A. Comply with provisions of AWWA C600 and as specified.
B. Thoroughly clean and remove all shipping materials prior to setting. Operate all valves from
   fully opened to totally closed.
C. Set fire hydrants with lowest nozzle 18 inches above finished grade. Check and fill stem bonnet
   lubricant reservoir.
D. Corporation stop shall be installed only after the water main has been installed and has been
   placed in service.
   1. ¾ and 1-inch corporation stops shall be installed at a 45 degree angle up from the
      centerline of the pipe. Greater than a 45 degree angle is not allowed.
   2. ¾ through 2-inch diameter corporation stops shall be attached to the water main with
      service saddles.
   3. Service taps must tap new main facing the direction of property served.
E. At locations where the water service is to be extended from the existing main to the new main,
   the service to the existing main must be abandoned by closing the corporation stop and
   disconnecting the service from the existing main.
F. Pressure reducing valves shall be installed on all service lines within the building served or in an
   additional meter pit on the building side of the water meter, as dictated by the latest version of
   City of Jackson Ordinance.
G. Each service connection shall be individually metered.

3.02 FIELD TESTING:
A. Perform on piping and valves as specified in SECTION 02535 and for the following:
   1. Gate valves.
   2. Air and air/vacuum valves.
   3. Fire hydrants.

END OF SECTION 02515
SECTION 02535 - PIPE INSTALLATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY:
   A. This Section includes handling, installation and testing of pipe, fittings, specials, and appurtenances as indicated or specified.
   B. Related Work Specified Elsewhere:
      2. Pressure Pipe: SECTION 02510.

1.02 REFERENCES:
   A. Applicable Standards:
      1. American Water Works Association (AWWA):
         b. C600 - Installation of Ductile-Iron Water Mains and Their Appurtenances.
         c. C651 - Disinfecting Water Mains.
         d. M23 - PVC Pipe - Design and Installation.
      2. Federal Specifications (FS):

1.03 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING:
   A. Handle in a manner to ensure installation in sound and undamaged condition.
      1. Do not drop or bump.
      2. Use slings, lifting lugs, hooks, and other devices designed to protect pipe, joint elements, linings, and coatings.
   B. Ship, move, and store with provisions to prevent movement or shock contact with adjacent units.
   C. Handle with equipment capable of work with adequate factor of safety against overturning or other unsafe procedures.
   D. PVC pipe, fittings and accessories – If stored for an extended period of time, they shall be protected from direct sunlight and shall be laid so as not to become deformed or bent.
   E. Pipe gaskets shall be protected from direct sunlight, and shall not be allowed to come in contact with petroleum products.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 CONCRETE FOR THUST BLOCKS:
   A. Concrete for thrust blocks shall be 3,000 psi minimum.

2.02 POLYETHYLENE ENCASEMENT:
   A. Polyethylene material shall conform to C105, Class C (Black), 12 mils thick.
      1. Material shall be distinctly marked (at minimum 2 foot intervals) with the following information:
         a. Manufacturer’s name and year manufactured
         b. Minimum film thickness and material type (LLDPE or HDCLPE)
         c. Range of nominal pipe diameter size
         d. ANSI/AWWA C105/A21.5 (compliance)
         e. A warning “WARNING-CORROSION PROTECTION-REPAIR ANY DAMAGE”
f. Labeled “WATER”

B. Adhesive tape shall be as follows:
   1. Approximately 2-inches wide and plastic backed.
   2. Capable of bonding securely to metal surfaces and/or polyethylene material.
   3. Polyken No. 900, Scotchrap No. 50, or Engineer-approved equal.

2.03 **LOCATOR WIRE:**
   A. Locator wire shall be installed continuously along all water main pipe.
   B. Open Cut
      1. Tracer wire shall be blue HDPE insulated single strand #12 AWG continuous copper clad steel tracer wire with minimum 380 lb break load, with minimum 30 mil insulation thickness.
   C. Directional Drill
      1. Tracer wire shall be blue HDPE insulated single strand #12 AWG continuous copper clad steel tracer wire with minimum 1,150 lb break load, with minimum 45 mil insulation thickness.
   D. Tracer wire shall be manufactured by Copperhead Industries, Pro-Trace, or Approved Equal.
   E. Splices shall be DryConn Direct Bury Lug, SnakeBite Connector as manufactured by Copperhead Industries, TW Connector as manufactured by Pro-Trace, or Approved Equal. Twist on wire nut style connectors or taped connectors are prohibited.
   F. Tracer wire shall be accessible through all installed valve boxes at surface. Wire shall run on outside of valve box. A slot shall be cut near top of valve box to feed wire in. Roughly 1 to 2 feet of slack shall be provided. At valve box locations where grounding anodes are required, tracer wire shall be connected to grounding wire with an approved splice connection.
   G. Grounding anode rods are to be installed at all beginning and ends of water main including all tap connections. Grounding rods shall be minimum 1.5 lb magnesium anode and installed in accordance with manufacturer’s recommendations.
   H. Tracer wire shall be secured (tied/taped) to pipe at 5 foot intervals.
   I. All tracer wire installations shall be located using typical low frequency (512 Hz) line tracing equipment, witnessed by the Contractor, City inspector, and City Engineer prior to acceptance of the project.

**PART 3 - EXECUTION**

3.01 **INSTALLATION - GENERAL:**
   A. Use equipment, methods, and materials ensuring installation to lines and grades indicated.
      1. Maintain within tolerances specified or acceptable laying schedule.
         a. Alignment: ±1 inch per 100 feet in open cut or tunnel.
         b. Grade: ±1 inch per 100 feet.
      2. Do not lay on blocks unless pipe is to receive total concrete encasement.
      3. Accomplish horizontal and vertical curve alignments with bends.
         a. No joint or pipe deflection shall be allowed unless authorized by City Engineer.
      4. Obtain acceptance of method proposed for transfer of line and grade from control to the Work.
   B. Install pipe of size, materials, strength class, and joint type with embedment indicated for plan location.
   C. Place pipe, valves, hydrants, and fittings in accordance with the plans. All pipe shall have a minimum of 42 inches of cover over the top of the pipe unless otherwise approved by the City Engineer.
D. Insofar as possible, install pipe with bell ends in direction of laying. Obtain City Engineer approval for deviations therefrom.

E. Clean interior of all pipe, fittings, and joints prior to installation. Exclude entrance of foreign matter during installation and at discontinuance of installation.
   1. Close open ends of pipe with snug-fitting closures.
   2. Do not let water fill trench. Include provisions to prevent flotation should water control measures prove inadequate.
   3. Remove water, sand, mud, and other undesirable materials from trench before removal of end cap.

F. Brace or anchor as required to prevent displacement after establishing final position.
   1. Thrust reinforcement shall be provided at all fittings, either in the form of approved manufactured restraint, stainless steel rods, or a properly designed thrust block of concrete. Blocking shall be poured against undisturbed earth and constructed so that the pipe and fitting joints will be accessible for repair.
   2. All plugs, caps, tees, end valves, fire hydrant valves, and bends, unless otherwise indicated on approved plans, shall be anchored to prevent movement by providing suitable reaction backing in the form of concrete thrust blocks or approved manufactured restraints. Pre-cast concrete blocks not allowed.

G. Perform only when weather and trench conditions are suitable. Do not lay in water.

H. Observe extra precaution when hazardous atmospheres might be encountered.

I. Trenching and backfilling shall be accomplished in accordance with SECTION 02322.

J. Dead end main shall have a fire hydrant, flushing hydrant, or approved flush assembly for flushing purposes. Flush assemblies shall be a minimum 2” for 6” and 8” mains, a minimum 4” for 10” and 12” mains, and a fire hydrant assembly for 16” mains. Larger mains shall utilize a flushing assembly that provides a minimum of 4fps water velocity within the pipe at flushing. No flushing device shall be directly connected to a sewer.

K. At noon, at night, or any time that work is delayed, the open-end of the line must be covered.

L. All valves shall be protected by a valve box of six inches minimum diameter; the top of which shall be to the same grade as the existing terrain.

M. Fire hydrants shall be set on a concrete pad, have thrust blocking, and sufficient granular backfill to provide a positive drain for the hydrant barrel. Hydrants shall not be connected to or located within ten feet of sanitary sewers.

3.02 JOINTING:
   A. General Requirements:
      1. Locate joint to provide for differential movement at changes in type of pipe embedment, impervious trench checks, and structures.
         a. Not more than 8-inches from structure wall, or
         b. As indicated.
      2. Perform conforming to manufacturer's recommendations.
      3. Clean and lubricate all joint and gasket surfaces with lubricant recommended.
      4. Use methods and equipment capable of fully seating or making up joints without damage.
      5. Check joint opening and deflection for specification limits.

   B. Special Provisions for Jointing Ductile-Iron Pipe:
      1. Conform to AWWA C600.
      2. Visually examine while suspended and before lowering into trench.
         a. Paint bell, spigot, or other suspected portions with turpentine and dust with cement to check for cracks invisible to the eye.
         b. Remove turpentine and cement by washing when test is satisfactorily completed.

   C. Special Provisions for Jointing PVC Pipe.
1. Conform to ASTM D2321. (Pressure pipe installation shall also conform to AWWA M23.)
2. Excavate bell holes at each joint or coupling to provide full length barrel support of the pipe and to prevent point loading at the bells or couplings.
3. Connect pipe to new or existing rigid structures or manhole tie-ins with manhole couplings.

3.03 ELECTRICAL BONDING AND INSULATION:
   A. Electrically bond adjacent lengths of pipe and fittings unless otherwise indicated.
   B. Use materials specified in SECTION 02510 applied to conform to manufacturer's instructions.
   C. Install insulated joints of dielectric materials.
      1. Where indicated.
      2. Between dissimilar materials which could cause galvanic action.
      3. Conform to manufacturer's instructions.

3.04 CUTTING:
   A. Cut in neat manner without damage to pipe.
   B. Observe Specifications regarding joint locations.
   C. Cut cast-iron, ductile-iron, and steel pipe with carborundum saw or other acceptable method per manufacturer's instructions.
      1. Smooth cut by power grinding to remove burrs and sharp edges.
      2. Repair lining as required and approved.

3.05 CLOSURE PIECES:
   A. Connect two segments of pipeline or a pipeline segment and existing structure with short sections of pipe fabricated for the purpose.
   B. Observe Specifications regarding location of joints, type of joints, and pipe materials and strength classifications.
   C. Field-fabricated closures, where required, shall be concrete encased between adjacent flexible joints.
   D. May be accomplished with sleeve coupling:
      1. Of length such that gaskets are not less than 3-inches from pipe ends.
      2. Wrap exterior of buried steel couplings with polyethylene encasement conforming to AWWA C105.

3.06 POLYETHYLENE ENCASEMENT:
   A. Encase all ductile iron pipe, fittings, valves, and other appurtenances with polyethylene film as specified.
   B. Installation:
      1. Perform to conform to AWWA C105.
      2. Use adhesive tape to fasten polyethylene film in place.
      3. Minimize exposure of polyethylene film to sunlight.
      4. Wrap pipe, valves, fittings, and couplings per AWWA C105 installation standards.

3.07 LOCATOR WIRE INSTALLATION
   A. Locator wire shall be installed continuously along all pipe.
   B. Locator wire shall be taped to the top of the pipe at the 10 or 2 o’clock position to avoid damage to wire.
3.08 SEPARATION OF WATER MAINS AND SEWERS:

A. Water main shall be laid at least 10 feet horizontally and 18 inches vertically from any existing or proposed line carrying non-potable fluids such as, but not limited to drains, storm sewers, sanitary sewers, combined sewer, sewer service connections, and process waste or product lines. The distance shall be measured edge to edge.
   1. Where water mains cross a sewer line, the full length of pipe shall be located so both joints will be as far from the non-potable pipeline as possible. Special structural support for the water and sewer pipes may be required.
   2. Only DNR may allow deviations from this rule which will be on a case-by-case basis and deviations must be submitted for Department approval before construction. In cases where the recommended separations cannot be obtained, either the waterline or the sewer shall be constructed of mechanical or manufactured restrained joint pipe, fusion welded pipe, or cased in a continuous casing. Casing pipe must be a material that is approved for use as water main. Conventional poured concrete is not an acceptable encasement.

B. Sewer Manhole: No waterline shall be located closer than ten (10) feet to any part of a sanitary or combined sewer manhole. When separation cannot be obtained, the waterline shall be constructed of mechanical or manufactured restrained joint pipe, fusion welded pipe, or cased in a continuous casing.

C. Disposal facility: No watermain shall be located closer than twenty five (25) feet to any on-site wastewater disposal facility, agricultural waste disposal facility or landfill.

3.09 BACKFLOW PROTECTION:

A. Backflow protection shall be provided in accordance with Missouri Department of Natural Resources regulation 10 CSR 60-11.010.

3.10 FIELD TESTING:

B. Acceptance Tests for Pressure Pipelines:
   1. Perform hydrostatic pressure and leakage tests.
      a. Conform to AWWA C600 procedures.
         (1) As modified herein.
         (2) Shall apply to all pipe materials specified.
      b. Perform after backfilling.
   2. Prior to testing, Contractor shall submit testing plan to City Engineer and Design Engineer for review and approval. Testing lengths shall be limited to a maximum of 1,000 feet unless otherwise approved by City Engineer.
   3. Test separately in segments between sectionalizing valves, between a sectionalizing valve and a test plug, or between test plugs.
      a. Select test segments such that adjustable seated valves are isolated for individual checking.
      b. Contractor shall furnish and install test plugs.
         (1) Including all anchors, braces, and other devices to withstand hydrostatic pressure on plugs.
         (2) Be responsible for any damage to public or private property caused by failure of plugs.
   4. Limit fill rate of line to available venting capacity. Fill rate shall be regulated to limit velocity in lines when flowing full to not more than 0.05 to 1 fps.
   5. Owner shall make water for testing available to Contractor at nearest source.
   6. Pressure and Leakage Test:
      a. Be at least 2-hour duration. Maintain pressure throughout test ±5 psi of test pressure.
b. Leakage test shall be conducted concurrently with the pressure test.
c. Acceptable when leakage does not exceed that determined by the following formula:

(1) In English units:
\[ L = \frac{[SD(P)^{1/2}]}{148,000}, \]
where
- \( L \) = allowable leakage, in gallons per hour
- \( S \) = length of pipe tested, in feet
- \( D \) = nominal diameter of the pipe, in inches
- \( P \) = average actual leakage test pressure in psig

d. These formulas are based on an allowable leakage of 10.49 gpd/mile/in of nominal diameter at a pressure of 150 psi.
e. When testing against closed metal-seated valves, an additional leakage per closed valve of 0.0078 gal/hr/in of nominal valve size shall be allowed.
f. When hydrants are in the test section, the test shall be made against the main valve in the hydrant.
g. Repeat test as necessary.

(1) After location of leaks and repair or replacement of defective joints, pipe, fittings, valves or hydrants. All visible leaks are to be repaired regardless of the amount of leakage.

(2) Until satisfactory performance of test.
h. City Engineer and/or City inspector will witness pressure and leakage test. The Owner’s Representative shall complete pressure test form found at end of this section.

C. Soil Corrosion Testing:
1. Perform electrical conductivity test on bonded pipe segments.
2. Perform pipe-to-soil potential surveys.
3. Submit 3 copies of test and survey reports to Owner.

3.11 DISINFECTION:
A. Disinfection of Pipelines for Conveying Potable Water:
1. Contractor shall place hypochlorite granules or tablets in the water main during construction as specified in AWWA C 651, and approved by the City Engineer.
2. Owner will perform all flushing, chlorination, sampling, laboratory testing, and final flushing per AWWA C651 and the following:
   a. Flushing.

(1) Minimum preliminary flushing rates to produce 0.76 m/s (2.5 fps) velocity in main shall be as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pipe Size</th>
<th>Flow Rate</th>
<th>Hydrant Outlets</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4&quot;</td>
<td>100 gpm</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6&quot;</td>
<td>200 gpm</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8&quot;</td>
<td>400 gpm</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10&quot;</td>
<td>600 gpm</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12&quot;</td>
<td>900 gpm</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16&quot;</td>
<td>1600 gpm</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(2) Valve hydrant outlet to control flow. With a (40 psi pressure in the main with the hydrant flowing to atmosphere, a 2-1/2-inch hydrant outlet will
discharge approximately 1,000 gpm and a 4-1/2-inch hydrant outlet will discharge approximately 2,500 gpm.

(3) Dispose of preliminary flushing water without damage to public or private property.

b. At minimum initial dosage of 50 mg/L (ppm) in all portions.
   (1) Allow to stand for 24 hours.
   (2) Minimum residual shall be at least 10 mg/L (ppm).
   (3) Flush pipeline before use for potable water supply purposes. Dispose of final flushing water without damage to public or private property.

c. Repeat disinfection procedure should initial treatment fail to yield satisfactory results.

d. Water from the new main shall remain isolated from other waters of the city system, and shall not be made available for consumption until bacteriological testing indicates that the water meets drinking water standards of the Missouri Department of Natural Resources.

END OF SECTION 02535
HYDROSTATIC WATER PIPELINE TEST REPORT

Date______________________________                             Contractor: ________________________________

Project Name: ______________________________________________________________________________

Location: ____________________________________________________________________________________

Pipe Diameter _______in.            Pipe Length _______ft.          Pipe Material____________________

Test Start Time ________________________                            Test Ending Time:  __________________

Test Duration (ending- starting)__________                            Actual holding time:____________________

Line Pressure __________________            Test Pressure (line pressure x 1.5) _____________________

Start Pressure _____________________                            End Pressure _____________________

LEAKAGE TEST:

Meter Number & Size ___________________________                                 Meter Reading  ____________

Allowable Leakage (for two hour test period)

RESULTS:

Pressure Test:  □ Satisfactory      □ Unsatisfactory (explain)
Leakage Test:    □ Satisfactory      □ Unsatisfactory (explain)

Inspector: ________________________________                            Date ________________________________
SECTION 02920 – LAWNS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY:
A. This Section includes the following areas of Work:
   1. Preparation of lawn areas.
   2. Seeding.
   3. Mulching.
   4. Fertilizing of lawn areas.
   5. Maintenance.
B. Related Work Specified Elsewhere:
   1. Earthwork and Site Preparation: SECTION 02300.

1.02 REFERENCES:
A. Missouri Standard Specifications for Highway Construction, 2016, or latest revision therefto.

1.03 SUBMITTALS:
A. Certificates:
   1. Seed and fertilizer shall be accompanied by certificate from vendors certifying they meet requirements of these Specifications, stating botanical name, percentage by weight, percentage of purity, germination, and weed seed for each grass seed species.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 TOPSOIL: Reference Missouri Standard Specifications for Highway Construction, 2016; SECTION 804 – TOPSOIL.

2.02 GRASS SEED:
A. Provide fresh, clean, new crop seed complying with tolerance for purity and germination established by Official Seed Analysts of North America and as required below.
B. Be labeled according to the U.S. Department of Agriculture Federal Seed Act and shall be furnished in containers with tags showing seed mixture, purity, germination, weed content, name of seller, and date on which seed was tested:
   1. Seed Mixture:
   2. Moldy seed or seed that has been damaged in storage shall not be used.

2.03 FERTILIZER:
A. Reference Missouri Standard Specifications for Highway construction, 2016; SECTION 801 – FERTILIZING.
   1. Commercial type, 10-10-10 grade, granular type
B. Deliver to site in labeled bags or containers.

2.04 MULCH:
A. Reference Missouri Standard Specifications for Highway Construction, 2016; SECTION 802 – MULCHING.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 SOIL PREPARATION:
A. Dispose of any growth, rocks, or other obstructions which might interfere with tilling, seeding, sodding, or later maintenance operations. Remove stones over 1-1/2 inches in any dimension and sticks, roots, rubbish, and other extraneous matter.

B. Thoroughly loosen and pulverize topsoil to a depth of at least 4-inches.

C. Grade lawn areas to a smooth, even surface with loose, uniformly fine texture. Roll and rake, remove ridges and fill depressions to meet finish grades. Limit fine grading to areas which can be planted within immediate future.

D. Moisten prepared lawn areas before planting if soil is dry. Water thoroughly and allow surface to dry off before planting of lawns. Do not create a muddy soil condition.

E. Restore prepared areas to specified condition if eroded or otherwise disturbed after fine grading and prior to planting.

F. Spread planting soil mixture to depth required to meet thickness, grades, and elevations indicated after light rolling and natural settlement.

G. Preparation of Unchanged Grades:
   1. Where lawns are to be planted in areas that have not been altered or disturbed by excavating, grading, or stripping operations, prepare soil for lawn planting as follows:
      a. Till to a depth of not less than 6 inches.
      b. Apply soil amendments and initial fertilizers.
      c. Remove high areas and fill in depressions.
      d. Till soil to a homogeneous mixture of fine texture, free of lumps, clods, stones, roots, and other extraneous matter.

3.02 LIME FERTILIZING:
   A. Reference Missouri Standard Specifications for Highway Construction, 2016; SECTION 801-FERTILIZING.
      1. 10 pounds per 1,000 sq.ft.

3.03 SEEDING NEW LAWNS:
   A. Reference Missouri Standard Specifications for Highway Construction, 2016; SECTION 805 – SEEDING.

3.04 MULCHING:
   A. Apply a mulch covering to all seeded areas.
   B. Reference Missouri Standard Specifications for Highway Construction, 2016; SECTION 802 – MULCHING.
   C. Apply wood-cellulose fiber mulch hydraulically at the rate of 1,000 pounds per acre:
      1. Mulch and seed may be applied in a single operation.
      2. Apply mulch to achieve a uniform coverage of the soil area.

3.05 RECONDITIONING LAWNS:
   A. Recondition lawn areas damaged by Contractor’s operations, including storage of materials or equipment and movement of vehicles. Also recondition lawn areas where settlement or washouts occur or where minor regrading is required. Recondition other existing lawn areas where indicated.
   B. Provide fertilizer, seed, and soil amendments as specified for new lawns and as required to provide satisfactorily reconditioned lawn. Provide new planting soil as required to fill low spots and meet new finish grades.
   C. Cultivate bare and compacted areas thoroughly to provide a good, deep planting bed.
   D. Remove diseased or unsatisfactory lawn areas; do not bury into soil. Remove topsoil containing foreign materials resulting from Contractor’s operations including oil drippings, stone, gravel, and other construction materials. Replace with new topsoil.
E. Where substantial lawn remains (but is thin), mow, rake, aerate if compacted, fill low spots, remove humps and cultivate soil, fertilize, and seed. Remove weeds before seeding or, if extensive, apply selective chemical weed killers as required. Apply a seedbed mulch, if required, to maintain moist condition.
F. Water newly planted areas and keep moist until new grass is established.

3.06 PROTECTION:
A. Erect barricades and warning signs as required to protect newly planted areas from traffic. Maintain barricade throughout maintenance period until lawn is established.

3.07 MAINTENANCE:
A. Mow grass to a height of 2-inches as soon as there is enough top growth to cut with mower. Remove no more than 40% of grass leaf growth in initial or subsequent mowings. Do not delay mowing until grass blades bend over and become matted.
B. Remove weeds by pulling or chemical treatment.
C. Perform maintenance until the date of final acceptance.
D. Seeded Areas:
   1. Water as required by good practice and as necessary to obtain a flourishing cover.
   2. Repair any portion of the seeded surface which becomes gullied or otherwise damaged, or the seeding becomes damaged or destroyed.
   3. Thoroughly water daily for a period of 15 days after placing.
   4. Maintain sod in good live condition. Replace any sod not in good growing condition with fresh live sod.
   5. Water thoroughly whenever sod evidences excessive drying.
E. Apply second fertilizer application after first mowing and when grass is dry. Use fertilizer which will provide not less than a pound of actual nitrogen per 1,000 square feet of lawn area.

3.08 ACCEPTANCE OF LAWNS:
A. When lawn Work is Substantially Complete, including maintenance, City Engineer will, upon request, make an inspection to determine acceptability:
   1. Lawn Work may be inspected for acceptance in parts agreeable to City Engineer, provided Work offered for inspection is complete, including maintenance.
B. Replant rejected Work and continue specified maintenance until reinspected by City Engineer and found to be acceptable.
C. Seeded lawns will be acceptable provided requirements, including maintenance, have been complied with and healthy, uniform, close stand of specified grass is established free of weeds, bare spots, and surface irregularities.

3.09 CLEANUP:
A. Promptly remove soil and debris created by lawn Work from paved areas. Clean wheels of vehicles prior to leaving Site to avoid tracking soil onto surfacing of roads, walks, or other paved areas.

3.10 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT:
A. Time of Completion: Completion time for seeding shall not apply to provisions for liquidated damages with respect to Contract completion time. Payment for seeding will be withheld until such Work is accepted.

3.11 SCHEDULING
A. Seeding shall be done between March 15 and October 15 unless otherwise approved by City Engineer.
B. Seeding is not allowed when temperatures exceed 90 degrees.

END OF SECTION 02920
SECTION 02930 - TREES AND SHRUBS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY:
   A. This Section includes the following:
      1. Furnishing trees and shrubs.
      2. Preparation of planting pits and beds, including excavation, backfilling, and disposal of surplus and unsuitable excavated material.
      3. Planting of trees and shrubs, including fertilizing, mulching, trimming, guying, and wrapping.
      4. Maintenance of trees and shrubs.
   B. Related Work Specified Elsewhere:
      1. Lawns: SECTION 02920.

1.02 REFERENCE:
   A. Applicable Standards:
      1. American National Standards Institute (ANSI):
         a. Z60.1 - Nursery Stock.

1.03 SUBMITTALS:
   A. Submit as specified in DIVISION 1.
   B. Include, but not limited to, the following:
      1. Product Certification: Certificate of inspection as may be required by governing authorities. For standard products, submit manufacturer's certified analysis. For other materials, submit analysis by a recognized laboratory made in accordance with methods established by Association of Official Agricultural Chemists, wherever applicable.
      2. Plant list, sizes, and quantities.
      3. Planting Schedule: Proposed planting schedule indicating anticipated dates and locations for each type of planting.
      4. Maintenance Instructions: Recommended procedures to be established by Owner for maintenance of landscape Work.

1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCES:
   A. Employ only experienced personnel familiar with required Work.
   B. Do not make substitutions of tree and shrub materials. If required landscape materials are not obtainable, submit proof of non-availability and proposed equivalent material.
   C. Provide the quantity, size, genus, species, and variety of trees and shrubs indicated and scheduled and complying with applicable requirements of ANSI Z60.1.
   D. Purchase of trees and shrubs is included in the cash allowance stated in the Contract Documents.
   E. Measurements: Measure trees and shrubs with branches and trunks or canes in their normal position. Do not prune to obtain required sizes. Take caliper measurements 6-inches above ground for trees up to 4-inch caliper size, and 12-inches above ground for larger sizes. Measure main body of tree or shrub for height and spread dimensions, do not measure from branch or root tip-to-tip.
1.05 **DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING:**

A. Provide freshly dug trees and shrubs. Do not prune prior to delivery. Provide adequate protection of root systems and balls from drying winds and sun. Do not bend or bind-tie trees or shrubs in such a manner as to damage bark, break branches, or destroy natural shape. Provide protective covering during delivery. Do not drop balled and burlapped stock during delivery.

B. Deliver trees and shrubs after preparations for planting have been completed, and plant immediately. If planting is delayed more than 6 hours after delivery, set trees and shrubs in shade, protect from weather and mechanical damage, and keep roots moist as follows:
   1. Heel-in bare root stock. Soak roots in water for 2 hours if dried out.
   2. Set balled stock on ground and cover ball with soil, peat moss, sawdust or other acceptable material.
   3. Do not remove container-grown stock from containers until planting time.
   4. Periodically water root systems of trees and shrubs stored on site using a fine mist spray. Water as often as necessary to maintain root systems in a moist condition.

1.06 **JOB CONDITIONS:**

A. **Timing:**
   1. Plant trees and shrubs during normal seasons for such Work in the location of the Project.
   2. Plant frost-tender trees and shrubs only after danger of frost is past or sufficiently before frost season to allow for establishment before first frost. Do not plant in frozen ground.
   3. Plant trees and shrubs after final grades are established and prior to planting of lawns, unless otherwise acceptable to the City Engineer. If planting of trees and shrubs occur after lawn Work, protect lawn areas and promptly repair damage to lawns resulting from planting operations.

1.07 **SPECIAL PROJECT WARRANTY:**

A. Warrant trees and shrubs for a period of 1 year after Substantial Completion.

B. Replace trees and shrubs that are dying, dead, or in an unhealthy condition, with plants of same size and variety as the original planting at no additional cost. Exclude defects resulting from neglect by Owner, abuse or damage by others, or unusual phenomena or incidents which are beyond the landscape installer's control.

C. Make replacements during growth season following end of warranty period.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 **GENERAL:**

A. Provide nursery-grown trees and shrubs, grown in a recognized nursery in accordance with good horticultural practice, with healthy root systems developed by transplanting or root pruning. Provide only healthy, vigorous stock grown under climatic conditions similar to conditions in the locality of the Project and free of disease, insects, eggs, larva, and defects such as knots, sun scald, injuries, abrasions, or disfigurement.

B. Provide trees and shrubs of the sizes indicated in planting list and in accordance with dimensional requirements of ANSI Z60.1 for kind and size of trees and shrubs required. Trees and shrubs of larger size than indicated may be used if acceptable to City Engineer.

C. Label each tree and shrub with a securely attached waterproof tag bearing legible designation of botanical and common name.

D. Reference Missouri Standard Specifications for Highway Construction; Section808 – Planting Trees, Shrubs, and Other Plants.
2.02 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS:
A. Mulch: Peat moss of fibrous type and approximately neutral pH. Do not use finely divided or granular type.
B. Antidesiccant: Emulsion type, film-forming agent designed to permit transpiration but retard excessive loss of moisture from plants. Deliver in manufacturer's fully identified containers and mix in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
C. Wrapping: Tree-wrap tape not less than 4-inches wide, designed to prevent sun scald, bore damage and winter freezing.
D. Stakes and Guys: Stakes and deadmen of sound new hardwood, Redwood, or treated softwood, free of knotholes and other defects. Provide wire ties and guys of 2-strand, twisted, pliable galvanized wire not lighter than 12 gage with zinc-coated turnbuckles. Provide rubber or plastic garden hose not less than 1/2-inch in diameter, cut to required lengths to protect tree trunks from damage by wires:
1. Provide warning flaps for each guy wire of surveyors flagging tape, or wood not less than 2-inches wide x (1/2-inch thick x 12-inches long and painted with alternate diagonal black and white stripes or luminescent white paint.
E. Wood Edging:
1. Provide wood headers and edging of sizes shown and of following wood species:
   a. (All heart Redwood) (Tidewater Red Cypress, all heartwood) (Western Red Cedar, all heart).
   b. Provide wood stakes of same species, 2-inches x 2-inches x 24-inches) long and galvanized nails for anchoring headers and edging.
F. Steel Edging: Commercial steel edging of size indicated, fabricated in sections with loops pressed from or welded to face of sections to receive stakes. Provide tapered steel stakes 16-inches long. Finish edging sections and stakes with manufacturer's standard green-black paint.
G. Aluminum Edging: Commercial aluminum edging or size and finish indicated, fabricated in sections with stake loop pressed into face of edging. Provide commercial aluminum locking stakes in same finish as edging.
H. Decorative Gravel:
1. Water-worn, hard, durable gravel washed free of loam, sand, clay, and other foreign substances, of following size range and color:
   b. Color: (Uniform tan-beige color range) (Readily available natural gravel color range).
I. Plastic Sheet: Black, weather-resistant polyethylene sheeting 8 mils thick.
K. Tree Grates: Gray cast-iron segments, ASTM A48, Class 30, of shape, pattern, and size indicated.

2.03 PLANT LIST:
A. Included at end of this Section.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSTALLATION OF PLANT MATERIALS:
A. Reference Missouri Standard Specifications for Highway Construction; Section 808 – Planting Trees, Shrubs, and Other Plants.
3.02 PREPARATION OF PLANTING SOIL:
A. Before mixing, clean topsoil of roots, plants, sods, stones, clay lumps, and other extraneous materials harmful or toxic to plant growth.
B. Mix soil amendments and fertilizers with topsoil. Delay mixing of fertilizer if planting will not follow placing of planting soil within a few days.
C. For pit- or trench-type backfill, mix planting soil prior to backfilling and stockpile at site.
D. Setting and Backfilling:
   1. Reference Missouri Standard Specifications for Highway Construction; Section 808 – Planting Trees, Shrubs, and Other Plants.

3.03 INSTALLATION OF MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS:
A. Install wood headers and edgings where indicated. Anchor with wood stakes spaced not more than (3 feet) oc, and driven at least 1-inch below top elevation of header or edging. Use two galvanized nails per stake to fasten headers and edging; length as needed to penetrate both members and provide 1/2-inch clinch at point. Predrill stakes to avoid splitting.
B. Install steel edging where indicated. Anchor with steel stakes spaced not more than 1 meter (3 feet) oc, and driven at least 1-inch below top elevation of edging.
C. Install aluminum edging where indicated. Anchor with manufacturer's interlocking stakes at not more than 2-feet and drive stakes to below top edge of edging until stake is in locked position.
D. Place gravel beds where indicated. Compact soil subgrade before placing gravel. Fill or remove excess soil as necessary to bring indicated thickness of bed to required elevation. (Place polyethylene plastic sheet over compacted subgrade prior to placing gravel.)
E. Planters: Place not less than 4-inch layer of gravel in bottom of planters and fill with planting soil mixture. Place soil in lightly compacted layers to an elevation of 1-1/2 inches below top of planter, allowing for natural settlement.
F. Tree Grates: Set grate segments flush with adjoining surfaces. Shim up from supporting substrate with soil-resistant plastic. Provide 3-inch minimum growth radius around base of plant; break away units of casting, if necessary, in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

3.04 MAINTENANCE:
A. Maintain trees and shrubs after planting until acceptance has been made by the City Engineer.
B. During the maintenance period, prune, water, cultivate, and weed, as required for healthy growth. Restore planting saucers. Tighten and repair stake and guy supports and reset trees and shrubs to proper grades of vertical position as required. Restore or replace damaged wrappings. Spray, as required, to keep trees and shrubs free of insects and disease.
C. Remove and replace trees and shrubs found to be dying, dead, or in unhealthy condition during the warranty period. Make replacements during the growth season following end of warranty period. Replace trees and shrubs which are in doubtful condition at end of warranty period.

END OF SECTION 02930
### SAMPLE PLANT LIST

#### PLANT LIST:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>D. Trees:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Acer Platanoides (Norway Maple)</td>
<td>75 mm-125 mm (3&quot;-5&quot;) B&amp;B</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Ginkgo Biloba (Ginkgo)</td>
<td>63 mm-75 mm (2-1/2&quot;-3&quot;) B&amp;B</td>
<td>15</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>E. Flowering Trees:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Cornus Florida (Flowering Dogwood)</td>
<td>2.4 m-3.0 m (8'-10') B&amp;B</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>F. Evergreens:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Juniperus H. Plumosa (Andorra Juniper)</td>
<td>600 mm (24&quot;) B&amp;B</td>
<td>90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Pinus Nigra (Austrian Pine)</td>
<td>1.8 m-2.4 m (6'-8') B&amp;B</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Pinus Strobus (White Pine)</td>
<td>1.2 m-1.5 m (4'-5') B&amp;B</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>G. Shrubs:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Ligustrum Regelianum (Regel Privet)</td>
<td>0.6 m-0.9 m (2'-3')</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
REFERENCE INFORMATION

TREES AND SHRUBS

Tree and shrub quality, as specified in this Section is based on ANSI Z60.1 "American Standard for Nursery Stock" sponsored by the American Association of Nurserymen and available from them or ANSI. The text includes choices and options for various types of trees and shrubs based on nursery-grown stock only.

Purchase of all trees and shrubs under a cost allowance may be required if extent of the planting is partially or completely undecided at the time of bidding. Contractors must know name, size, and quantity of all trees and shrubs required in order to submit Bids which will result in satisfactory Work.

ANSI Z60.1 provides for balled and burlapped (B&B) or bare-rooted deciduous trees and shrubs, and text includes options for all stock to be either "B&B" or bare rooted, or for a mixture. In the latter case, "B&B" stock must be so designated on drawings or in schedules and all other stock is specified to be bare root.

Container grown stock should be considered an alternate form of balled stock applicable to smaller trees and shrubs. Text provides options to Contractor for container grown stock in lieu of B&B within the ANSI Z60.1 limitations. Bare rooted evergreen stock is not recommended and is not included in the text of this Section.

The terms "deciduous" and "evergreen" can be confusing. Deciduous refers to plants which shed all their leaves at end of the growing season and remain leafless during winter, or dormant period. Evergreens maintain green foliage as coniferous and broadleaf. However, not all conifers (plants bearing seeds in a cone) are evergreen; larches and bald cypress lose their foliage. Broadleaf evergreens comprise a wide range of plants which have broad leaves rather than needle-like leaves and which retain green leaves during winter.

Text (and ANSI Z60.1) does not include requirements for tropical trees and plants such as palms and bananas. Requirements for such items must be inserted in text.

Refer to Masterspec Basic section "Landscaping" for discussion of fertilizer and soil amendment requirements.

Check local Soil Conservation Service (SCS) or standard state transportation department specifications for soil testing, fertilizer, and soil amendment requirements.

* * * * *
PAVEMENT REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT SHALL CONFORM TO CITY’S STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR STREET IMPROVEMENTS

END OF SECTION 02950
APPENDIX A
WATER METER DETAIL

FINISHED GROUND LINE

METER BOX (TO BE SUPPLIED AND INSTALLED BY CITY WATER PERSONNEL)

METER & ACCESSORIES

MIN. 3/4" ANGLE STOP (MATCH SERVICE LINE DIAMETER)

MIN. 3/4" SERVICE LINE (MATCH SERVICE LINE DIAMETER)

CORPORATION STOP

WATER MAIN

CAST IRON COVER (TO BE SUPPLIED AND INSTALLED BY CITY WATER PERSONNEL)

SERVICE LINE (TO CUSTOMER)
8" OF 1" CLEAN GRANULAR FILL

ORIGINAL DETAIL DRAWINGS COMPLETED BY STRICKLAND ENGINEERING IN 2005. DETAILS HAVE BEEN REVISED BY HORNER & SHIFRIN IN 2017
WHERE EARTH BACKFILL IS USED THE TRENCH SHALL BE LEFT SLIGHTLY MOUNDED TO ALLOW FOR SETTLEMENT

COMPACTED BACKFILL WITH MATERIAL EXCAVATED FROM TRENCH

42" MIN. COVER

TRACER WIRE

PIPE BEDDING

6" MIN

TRENCH DETAIL
NON-ROADWAY AREAS

ORIGINAL DETAIL DRAWINGS COMPLETED BY STRICKLAND ENGINEERING IN 2005. DETAILS HAVE BEEN REVISED BY HORNER & SHIFRIN IN 2017

CITY OF JACKSON, MO.

STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR WATERLINE CONSTRUCTION

TRENCH DETAIL
NON-ROADWAY AREAS
REPLACE PAVEMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH CITY OF JACKSON STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR STREET IMPROVEMENTS

1/2" x 24" DEFORMED BARS @ 24" C.C.

12" FOR ASPHALT NEAREST JOINT OR 1/2 SLAB FOR CONC. (VARIANCE FROM STREET SPECIFICATIONS)

SAW CUT FULL DEPTH PAVEMENT

EX. PAVEMENT

BASE MATERIAL

CRUSHED STONE SELECTED GRANULAR BACKFILL COMPACTED TO 95% OF STANDARD PROCTOR

PROPOSED WATER MAIN

TRACER WIRE

PIPE BEDDING

6" MIN

6" MIN

TRENCH DETAIL
ROADWAY AREAS

ORIGINAL DETAIL DRAWINGS COMPLETED BY STRICKLAND ENGINEERING IN 2005. DETAILS HAVE BEEN REVISED BY HORNER & SHIFRIN IN 2017
FINISHED GROUND LINE

METER BOX WITH CAST IRON COVER (SIZE AND MATERIAL TO BE APPROVED BY CITY)

THREAD ROOD

WATER MAIN

STRADDLE BLOCK

GATE VALVE

UNDISTURBED EARTH

2" SCHEDULE 40 GALVANIZED PIPE AND PLUG

3 MIN.

MJ END PLUG

2" END FLUSH DEVICE

ORIGINAL DETAIL DRAWINGS COMPLETED BY STRICKLAND ENGINEERING IN 2005. DETAILS HAVE BEEN REVISED BY HORNER & SHIFRIN IN 2017
FINISHED GROUND LINE

AIR RELEASE VALVE

METER BOX WITH CAST IRON COVER (SIZE AND MATERIAL TO BE APPROVED BY CITY)

CORPORATION STOP

3/4" CLEAN GRANULAR FILL TO PIPE BEDDING

WATER MAIN

AIR RELEASE VALVE

ORIGINAL DETAIL DRAWINGS COMPLETED BY STRICKLAND ENGINEERING IN 2005. DETAILS HAVE BEEN REVISED BY HORNER & SHIFRIN IN 2017
NOTE:
A MINIMUM DISTANCE OF 2'-0" IS REQUIRED FROM THE END OF THE WATER MAIN FOR SERVICE CONNECTIONS AND A MINIMUM DISTANCE OF 2'-0" IS REQUIRED BETWEEN SERVICE CONNECTIONS.

SERVICE CONNECTION
THREE WAY POST-TYPE FIRE HYDRANT W/MJ SHOE

CUT SLOT TO FEED WIRE IN

2"-4"

2'R

VALVE BOX

12" MIN.

6" MJ GATE VALVE

CLEAN GRANULAR FILL

MJ TEE W/ THRUST BLOCK

TRACER WIRE

ALL PIPE FROM MAIN LINE TO HYDRANT SHALL BE RESTRAINED WITH DUCTILE ANCHOR COUPLINGS

SEE THRUST BLOCK DETAIL (DO NOT ENCASE HYDRANT WEEP HOLE)

SUPPORT BLOCK

PIECE BEDDING (PER TRENCH DETAIL)

POUR THRUST BLOCK AGAINST UNDISTURBED EARTH

FIRE HYDRANT ASSEMBLY

ORIGINAL DETAIL DRAWINGS COMPLETED BY STRICKLAND ENGINEERING IN 2005. DETAILS HAVE BEEN REVISED BY HORNER & SHIFRIN IN 2017
3/4" BRASS TEST PLUG

GRIDDED GASKET

FLANGE OUTLET PER MSS-SP 60

TAPPING VALVE (FLxMJ) PER MSS-SP 60

EXISTING WATER MAIN

TAPPING VALVE (FLxMJ)

PROPOSED WATER MAIN

STAINLESS STEEL TAPPING SLEEVE

STAINLESS STEEL BOLTS AND NUTS

TAP UNDER PRESSURE

ORIGNAL DETAIL DRAWINGS COMPLETED BY STRICKLAND ENGINEERING IN 2005. DETAILS HAVE BEEN REVISED BY HORNER & SHIFRIN IN 2017
BASE OF EMBANKMENT

PAVEMENT SURFACE

ROAD DITCH

STEEL ENCASED BORE
FROM BASE OF EMBANKMENT TO DITCHLINE

STEEL CASING

CASING END SEAL

REstrained JOINT
PVC WATER MAIN

Casing SPACERS

ROAD BORE DETAIL

Original detail drawings completed by Strickland Engineering in 2005. Details have been revised by Horner & Shifrin in 2017.
CREEK/DITCH CROSSING

NOTE: DUCTILE IRON BALL-JOINT RIVER PIPE MAY BE USED IN LIEU OF STEEL CASING FOR OPEN CUT CROSSINGS.

ORIGINAL DETAIL DRAWINGS COMPLETED BY STRICKLAND ENGINEERING IN 2005. DETAILS HAVE BEEN REVISED BY HORNER & SHIFRIN IN 2017.
### Thrust Block Dimensions

**87° Bend**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>D</th>
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<td>20</td>
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<td>D</td>
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**45° Bend**

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<td>D</td>
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**22 1/2° Bend**

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**3 1/4° Bend**

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### Thrust Block Details

**Main Branch**

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**Plug**

<table>
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<tr>
<td>D</td>
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<td>13</td>
<td>15</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Thrust Block Plug**

- 6" SQ. STEEL PLATE 1" THICK
- 4" STEEL PIPE
- MJ PLUG
- ADJUSTABLE SCREW SLEEVE

**Thrust Block Tee**

**Thrust Block Section**

**Thrust Block 45° Bend**

- SIDE OF TRENCH
- ADJUSTABLE SCREW SLEEVE
- MJ PLUG

**Thrust Block 90° Bend**

- SIDE OF TRENCH
- 6" SQ. STEEL PLATE 1" THICK
- 4" STEEL PIPE

**Thrust Block Dimensions**

- Thrust Block 87° Bend
- Thrust Block 45° Bend
- Thrust Block 22 1/2° Bend
- Thrust Block 3 1/4° Bend

**City of Jackson, MO. Standard Specifications for Waterline Construction**

Original detail drawings completed by Strickland Engineering in 2005. Details have been revised by Horner & Shfrin in 2017.
THRUST BLOCK TO BE POURED AGAINST UNDISTURBED EARTH

TIE DOWNS
6"–10" #4 REBAR
12"–18" #5 REBAR

VERTICAL BEND THRUST BLOCK

DIMENSIONS "A"

<table>
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<tr>
<th>DIA</th>
<th>BEND</th>
<th>45°</th>
<th>90°</th>
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</table>

FINISHED GROUND LINE

ORIGINAL DETAIL DRAWINGS COMPLETED BY STRICKLAND ENGINEERING IN 2005. DETAILS HAVE BEEN REVISED BY HORNER & SHIFRIN IN 2017

CITY OF JACKSON, MO.

STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR WATERLINE CONSTRUCTION

THRUST BLOCK DETAILS
STRADLE THRUST BLOCK – TEE

ORIGINAL DETAIL DRAWINGS COMPLETED BY STRICKLAND ENGINEERING IN 2005. DETAILS HAVE BEEN REVISED BY HORNER & SHIFRIN IN 2017

CITY OF JACKSON, MO.
STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR WATERLINE CONSTRUCTION
THRUST BLOCK DETAILS